Story Flow

No two news organizations will have an identical story flow, and no two stories will follow exactly the same course. However, certain patterns are typical. The more often a story is checked, the less likely it is to violate ethical or legal standards. Long-form journalism, features, evergreen stories (stories without a strong time element so that they remain fresh—and green—over a long period of time), center spreads, some reviews and some news stories will go through many or all of the following stages of story flow.

Pitched

• Story ideas come from staff writers, editorial board members, the audience and audience reaction to previous stories.

Assigned

- The story is chosen by editors.
- It is confirmed by the editor-in-chief.
- The story is assigned to a reporter and other journalists, such as a photographer or infographics designer.
- Deadlines are determined for the next step or the final product.

In Progress

- The reporter does background reporting.
- The reporter shares notes, tells the editor what the story is in 30 words or less.
- The editor assigns the appropriate multimedia team, sketches a possible story package and sidebars, and assigns deadlines.
- Reporting, recording and photographing are done by assigned staff members.
- Others may be responsible for writing, creating graphics, choosing photographs, and editing audio and video.
- Responses are sought from peers and the team. This stage may make use of blogging and wikis.
- The reporter revises the story.
- The editor reviews progress.
- The reporter revises.
- The editor requests more changes.
- The reporter revises.
- The copy editor edits the copy. He or she may send it back to the writer or confer with the reporter.
- The reporter verifies all facts and quotations.

Ready to Publish

- The reporter and the editor or online editor send out short messages to the sources, subjects and audience letting them know that the story is about to appear.
- The story is published, posted online or aired.

Reaction and Evaluation

- The audience, sources and subjects comment on the story by email, letter or phone. Online stories usually have an area directly below the story for inputting comments.
- The reporter writes a reflection for self, staff and adviser.
- The staff does a read-around and evaluates the edition, online edition or broadcast.
- If necessary, the story is updated and corrections are published.

Review and Assessment

- 1. Which of the following are part of your publication's story flow?
 - reporter pitches story
 - editor assigns stories
 - editor keeps track of progress
 - reporters seek response and revise
 - story is prepared for publication
 - evaluation and reflection
- 2. How many people are involved in a story as it flows from idea to publication? List what they do.
- 3. Which bullet points are part of your publication's story flow?
- 4. How could the story flow of your publication be improved?