Exploring Life and Career © 2012 Chapter 8: Planning Meals—Glossary

à la carte. A menu term meaning each food or course is listed and priced separately.

allergens. Substances that cause an allergic response in people that can be fatal.

appetizer. Light food or drink served before the meal.

buffet service. A style of meal service where people help themselves to food set out on a serving table.

calorie information. The number of calories in one serving of the food on the nutrition label.

centerpiece. A decorative object placed in the middle of the table.

convenience stores. Small stores offering little selection, but open long hours.

course. All the foods served as one part of a meal.

cover. The table space in front of a person's seat.

Daily Values (DV). Percentage figures on nutrition labels that help consumers see how food products fit into a total daily diet.

dietary components. A list of nutrients found in each serving of the food product on the nutrition label.

etiquette. Proper behavior in social settings.

family service. A style of meal service where people serve themselves as dishes are passed around the table.

flatware. Forks, knives, and spoons used for serving and eating.

food shortage. A condition in which there is not enough to meet the demand.

grade labeling. A rating of quality determined by the USDA for meats, poultry, and eggs.

homogenization. A process in which milk fat is broken into tiny pieces and spread throughout the milk.

ingredients labeling. Food products must list all ingredients, including allergens.

manners. Guidelines for behavior.

meal patterns. The number of times and types of foods you eat daily.

menu. A list of foods to be prepared and served.

natural cheese. Cheese made from milk.

nutrition label. A panel on a food product package with information about the nutrients the food contains.

pasteurization. A process in which a liquid such as milk is heated to destroy harmful bacteria.

plate service. A style of meal service where plates are filled in the kitchen. Then they are carried to the table and served to each person.

process cheese. Cheese made by melting and blending natural cheeses.

produce. Fresh fruits and vegetables.

ripe. Fully grown and developed.

serving size. The amount a person would normally eat; found on the nutrition label.

servings per container. The number of portions that are in the food package listed on the nutrition label.

specialty food stores. Store offering one type of food.

supermarkets. Chain stores offering a large selection of products.

tableware. Dishes, flatware, and glassware.

universal product code (UPC). A group of bars and numbers found on packages. This code provides pricing and other product information to a computer scanner.