## AutoCAD and Its Applications BASICS

## Exercise 15-8

1. Continue from Exercise $15-7$ or start AutoCAD.
2. Start a new drawing from scratch or use an architectural-unit template of your choice. Save the drawing as EX15-8.
3. If needed, use the Drawing Units dialog box to change the drawing units to architectural.
4. Access the QuickCalc palette.
5. Access the LINE command and pick a start point. Then use polar tracking or ortho mode to move the crosshairs to the right or left of the start point so the line is at a $0^{\circ}$ or $180^{\circ}$ angle.
6. At the Specify next point or [Undo]: prompt, enter $14^{\prime} 8^{\prime \prime}+26^{\prime} 3$ " in the QuickCalc palette input box and pick the equal (=) button or press [Enter].
7. Pick the Paste value to command line button to make $40^{\prime}-11^{\prime \prime}$ appear at the command line. Press [Enter] to draw the $40^{\prime}-11^{\prime \prime}$ line.
8. Close the QuickCalc palette.
9. Access the CIRCLE command and pick a center point.
10. Access QuickCalc by right-clicking and selecting QuickCalc.
11. At the Specify radius of circle or [Diameter]: prompt, enter $6^{\prime} 88^{\prime \prime}-2^{\prime} 3$ " in the QuickCalc window input box and pick the equal (=) button or press [Enter].
12. Pick the Apply button to make $4^{\prime}-5$ " appear at the command line. Press [Enter] to draw the $4^{\prime}-5^{\prime \prime}$ radius circle.
13. Resave and close the file.
14. Keep AutoCAD open for the chapter review and problems, or exit AutoCAD if necessary.
